

# Properties of Exponents

$a^0 = 1$  for any number  $a$ , except  $a = 0$ .  
 $0^0$  is undefined!

$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$  To multiply like bases, add exponents.

$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$  To divide like bases, subtract exponents.

$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$  To raise a power to a power, multiply exponents.

$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$   
A negative exponent means to take the or reciprocal (NOT to make a negative number!)

$a^n = \frac{1}{a^{-n}}$

## Examples

$1^0 = 1, 2^0 = 1, (-3)^0 = 1, 10^0 = 1, (-2345)^0 = 1, (.78)^0 = 1$   
 $(-13.75013)^0 = 1$ .  $0^0$  is not allowed!

$2^3 \cdot 2^4 = 8 \cdot 16 = 128 = 2^7, (.3)^2 \cdot (.3)^3 = (.3)^5 = .00243$

$\frac{2^5}{2^2} = \frac{32}{4} = 8 = 2^3$   $(3^2)^3 = 3^6 = 729$

$5^{-3} = \frac{1}{5^3} = \frac{1}{125}$  (NOT a negative number!)

$-2^{-2} = -\frac{1}{4}$   $(-3)^{-2} \cdot (-3)^3 = (-3)^1 = -3$